

Elephant Toothpaste (45 min)

Jacob Seo

Course Name	Elephant Toothpaste Experiment		Day/Date		
Objective(s)	 Study chemical changes how hydrogen peroxide changes into oxygen and water vapors. Have students consider what variables they want to change. Design and conduct a scientific investigation 				
Materials	 A. Experiment Design Worksheet Pencil B. Making Elephant Toothpaste Hydrogen Peroxide (2%) Large Tub Yeast Stirring Stick Paper Towels Food Coloring Dish Detergent Gloves We will supply all necessary materials.	Key Points	Chemical Change occurs when ato formed. Physical Change does not change up. Independent Va whose variation another variable Dependent Variable Catalyst – a sub the rate of a che without itself ur permanent cher Other key words Hypothesis Observation Variable Decompose	ge – chemical reaction oms are broken and e – any change that e its chemical make- ariable – a variable does not depend on able – a variable is dependent on e stance that increases emical reaction indergoing any mical changes.	
Big Questions	What chemical changes does the hydrogen peroxide have? Why does the whole mixture turn into the toothpaste? What factors can I change and how will that affect the experiment?				
Do First (10 min)	 Personal introduction: We are students and researchers from UC Riverside (can calculate "grade level" for the students) studying chemistry! Topic introduction: a) Write the 6 key words on the board b) Introduce "catalyst, decompose, chemical, and physical change" and poll the class to see if anyone has heard of the word "independent and dependent variable" before or knows any examples of independent and dependent variables. c) Discuss real life examples of catalyst(yeast), chemical changes (cooking, rusting, and rotting), and physical changes(boiling, freezing, and melting) 				

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	 d) Display commercial silly putty and explain what constitutes its unique properties. Explain making and breaking of bonds as a driving force to its tendency to shatter or stretch. 				
	 e) Explain what the catalyst (yeast) is, what is being decompose (hydrogen peroxide), and the item undergoing physical change (detergent). 				
	Learning Experiences:				
	In Break-Out Room A) Experiment Design (5-10 min.)				
	<u>Concepts:</u> Hypothesis, Observation, Variable				
	Instructions: (Have students work in small groups)				
	 Outline the elephant toothpaste experiment. Collectively form a hypothesis based on above introduction, to what might 				
	2. Conectively form a <u>hypothesis</u> , based on above infroduction, to what hight happen when we change different independent variables				
	3. Create, in advance, a systematic method for recording results (methods)				
	a. Amount toothpaste made				
	b. Change in composition				
	c. Brainstorm with class three other observations				
	4. Discuss appropriate variables to test our hypothesis				
	a. Adding food coloring				
	b. Adding more yeast	vide			
	d Adding more soon	xide			
	e. Changing the catalyst				
Lesson Execution	B) Students formulate their own hypothesis (30-35 mins) <u>Concepts:</u> control experiment, variable Instructions: (Students will observe the graduate student conduct the experiment				
(40 min)					
	and students can safely formulate what	factors they want to change)			
	Each Students will formulate:				
	1. Students will formulate their own	independent hypothesis to the conditions			
	they want to change on the work	sheet.			
	2. Define what the independent variable they are changing and what				
	3. Each Student will provide their predictions and their reasoning for why they think this will happen. Graduate student will be prepared to dispute or agree with students' hypothesis:				
	1. Adding more soap will				
	2. Adding different food color will				
	 3. Adding more yeast will 4. Adding more hydrogen peroxide will 5. Using less hydrogen peroxide will 6. Using less soap will 7. Using less yeast will Each Student will have to: Vote on the variable we will change, and the graduate students will prepare 				
	the conditions.				

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	 Each variable chars students will consistents will expl. Discussion will be hypothesis is not with the independent. 	nge with the most votes will be demo ider if their hypothesis was correct an ain what happened. done to discuss that having a correct mportant, but learning what differen lent and dependent variables.	nstrated, and nd if not, graduate or incorrect t changes occurred
Wrap-up: Sharing Experiences and Building Connections (10 min)	We will bring everyone back ambassador(s) can lead a pa component in the elephant to a good second experiment w Encourage students to think they encounter every day ar changed. Ask students if the being a scientist in general.	as one group and review the key con- rt of the discussion, presenting the re oothpaste process. Ask each ambassa yould be to further support their resul about the many different physical and d how their molecular structures or p y have any last questions about the ex	cepts. Each group's sults of varying each ador what they think lts/hypothesis. d chemical changes physical structure is speriments or about

UCRIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA & Agricultural Sciences AMAZING TOOTHPASTE PLANNING SHEET

My testable question is:	
What is the effect of	on
My hypothesis is:	·
If	ther
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MATERIALS

What one thing will I change on purpose? Scientists call this the **independent variable**.

How will I know if the one thing I changed on purpose made any difference? (How I will measure, observe, and collect data in the experiment). Scientists call this the **dependent** variable.

What things will I need to keep the same in order to conduct a fair test? (Constants)